

CZOLGOSZ PAYS PENALTY

Assassin of President Dies in Electric Chair.

ALL HIS BELONGINGS BURNED.

Body Will Be Secretly Interred in the Prison Grounds, Relatives of the Prisoner Having Formally Relinquished All Claims to It.

Auburn, N. Y., Oct. 29.—Leon F. Czolgosz, the murderer of President McKinley, was electrocuted at 7:12 o'clock this morning. The plan of burning his clothing and papers was carried out immediately after the execution. The state is not to surrender his body and by sundown it will have been secretly interred in ground controlled by the officials of Auburn prison.

Waldeck Czolgosz, brother of the murderer, foreseeing endless difficulties and possibly angry demonstrations as the result of an attempt to



CZOLGOSZ IN THE DEATH CHAIR. give the body ordinary burial, heeded the advice of Superintendent of State Prisons Collins and Warden Meade and formally relinquished all claims to it. He merely stipulated that at the close of the autopsy all the parts of the body should be buried. All chance of an unhappy and unfortunate sequel to the execution, either in displays of popular contempt or the exhibition of ghastly relics is therefore prevented.

Last Two Interviews.

Czolgosz held his last two interviews last night, the first with Superintendent Collins and the last with his brother and brother-in-law. Both interviews were brief and the interviews did most of the talking until the question of religion was mentioned, when Czolgosz broke from his seeming lethargy and violently denounced the church and the clergy and made his relatives promise that there should be no service for him, living or dead.

Prior to the late evening interviews Czolgosz reluctantly received Fathers Fudzinski and Hickey. When they reached the prison Superintendent Collins conveyed the request for an interview to the prisoner.

Czolgosz sent back word that he did not care to see them, but the priests asked to see him despite his refusal. Superintendent Collins consented and personally escorted them to the cell. The priests remained with Czolgosz for three-quarters of an hour and earnestly pleaded with the prisoner to repent and pray for divine forgiveness. He rejected all their advances, however, and they regretfully withdrew. It was 7 o'clock when Superintendent Collins went into the death house and tried to get the prisoner to talk to him. He was apparently not successful in getting anything material from him. When the brother and brother-in-law arrived Superintendent Collins took them down to the condemned man's cell.

The brother-in-law interjected here: "That's right, Leon."

The brother looked rather disturbed by the answer. Then stepping up close to the bars, the condemned man said: "And don't you have any praying over me when I'm dead. I don't want it. I don't want any of their d—d religion."

There was a painful pause of a few minutes and then the relatives resumed casual conversation with him, to which he replied in monosyllables until the brother-in-law suggested, much to Superintendent Collins' surprise, that he and the brother be permitted to witness the execution. Before the superintendent could reply Leon said: "Yes, Mr. Superintendent, let them see me killed."

Superintendent Collins told the trio in emphatic terms that no such thing could be allowed and ordered them to say good-bye.

MILES REPORTS ON ARMY.

Criticizes the Centralization of Control in Washington Authorities.

Washington, Oct. 29.—Lieutenant General Miles in his annual report gives the total strength of the army at the present time as 84,513, of which number 33,874 are in the United States, 43,239 in the Philippine, 4,914 in Cuba; the remainder, in small detachments, being in Porto Rico, Hawaii, China and Alaska.

General Miles does not approve of the present organization of the artillery corps and says that it establishes another bureau in Washington. He believes in the former regimental organization. Speaking of the army cantonment, which was abolished by the army reorganization law, he says that no injury has resulted and in the main the law has been beneficial.

General Miles states his objections to the management of military affairs in the war department in the following language: "While congress has made ample provision for the management of military affairs in the organization of the army, yet the tendency has been to absorb and usurp the entire conduct of the military by the authorities in Washington, and especially in the departments. This has been found most injurious in other armies and is one of the principal defects in our own system. The evil has been increasing during the activities of the wars of the last three years to an extent that in my judgment requires serious consideration and I recommend that decentralization be effected as far as possible and that all proper and lawful authority be restored to subordinate commanders, who are provided with an efficient organization and who can be safely entrusted with responsibility for the efficient and faithful administration of military affairs commensurate with their important commands."

STEAMERS FROM NOME.

Bring Gold and Passengers and Leave Many Destitute Behind.

Port Townsend, Wash., Oct. 29.—Two steamers have arrived from Nome, bringing over 1,200 passengers, Senator bringing 525 and Garonne 700. Senator sailed from Nome Oct. 19 with \$500,000 in gold. For several days before sailing snow was falling, ice had formed and preparations were being made for a long, cold winter. Queen, Valencia and Roanoke will be the last steamers from Nome. They will bring about 2,000 people and there are many more who would return if transportation could be secured, besides a large number of destitute who will be compelled to remain at Nome and face an Arctic winter, depending upon charity.

EXPULSED PRIEST IS DEFIANT.

Father Crowley Reiterates Charges and Refuses to Retract.

Chicago, Oct. 29.—Rev. Jeremiah J. Crowley, the Catholic priest two days since excommunicated for his charges against Auxiliary Bishop Muldoon of the Chicago diocese, has given out a copy of a long letter addressed by him to Cardinal Martinelli. He reiterates his charges and refuses to retract them. He also claims that notice of the sentence of excommunication has not been properly served upon him and asserts that he has been made to suffer for telling of what he declares are the misdeeds of others.

SHEPARD'S MOTHER ON STAND.

Testifies in Ward Trial She Recognized Murdered Boy's Clothing.

Deadwood, S. D., Oct. 29.—The state will close its case tonight in the Ward murder trial. The mother of Lee Shepard, the missing boy, has testified that the teeth found in the skull are those of her son and that the underclothes found on the dead body are the same that she mended. Expert medical testimony is favorable to the theory of two bullet holes through the skull.

One Year in Hanson's Term.

Rockwell City, Ia., Oct. 29.—Ed Hanson, the young man who robbed a safe in William Hughes' meat market at Lake City some time ago and who later broke jail by tearing a hole through the brick walls and was captured at Fort Dodge, was sentenced by Judge Church to one year in the penitentiary at Anamosa.

Whitman Placed on Probation.

Boston, Oct. 29.—Alonzo J. Whitman, an ex-state senator of Minnesota, who pleaded guilty a few days ago to one count of larceny, was placed on probation in the superior court yesterday. It is understood that restitution has been made to the persons from whom the defendant obtained money illegally.

Child Perishes in Fire.

Perry, Ia., Oct. 29.—A barn belonging to J. S. Lenocker, near this city, was burned to the ground and a 5-year-old son of Mr. Lenocker perished in the flames.

TELEGRAMS TERSELY TOLD.

The first appreciable snow of the season fell at Minneapolis Monday.

A policeman at Macon, Mo., was convicted of manslaughter for killing a man who resisted arrest.

Baron Walburg has been arrested at Budapest on a charge of attempting to practice extortion upon Emperor Francis Joseph.

The Peruvian government has convened an extraordinary session of congress for Oct. 30, to discuss the budget and other projects.

The transport Meade arrived at San Francisco Monday from Manila and Nagasaki with 1,098 soldiers, including nine companies of coast artillery.

Scranton has reached a unique position in the way of street railway strikes. Seventeen of the nonunion men quit Monday. There is only 23 of the imported men left at work.

LEMLEY QUESTIONS SCHLEY

Cross-Examination of the Rear Admiral is Begun.

CONCLUDES HIS DIRECT STORY.

Judge Advocate Seeks to Bring Out Reasons for Delays and Slow Progress of Flying Squadron to Cienfuegos—Brooklyn's Record of Hits.

Washington, Oct. 29.—The cross-examination of Admiral Schley began yesterday before the court of inquiry and hardly more than a third of the ground was covered when the court adjourned at 4 o'clock. After Admiral Schley concludes today, two other witnesses will be called in his behalf, Admiral Barker and Captain Thomas Borden. The latter was an officer of the marine corps aboard the Brooklyn. The judge advocate then will call his witnesses in rebuttal, of whom there are understood to be more than 15, and it is probable that Admiral Schley's counsel will call witnesses in rebuttal.

The crowd present yesterday, while hardly so large as on Friday last,



REAR ADMIRAL SCHLEY BEING CROSS EXAMINED.

when Admiral Schley told the story of the battle of Santiago, showed unabated interest in the proceedings. Nothing sensational developed and the only outburst in the court occurred when Mr. Rayner, Admiral Schley's counsel, objected to a line of inquiry of the judge advocate designed to criticize Admiral Schley's alleged failure to formulate a plan of battle with the declaration that as Admiral Sampson was in command his junior had no right to plan an order of battle.

Falls to Daunt Admirals.

Admiral Schley concluded his direct examination, which continued only about ten minutes after the court convened yesterday morning, with a statement of the effect of the fire of the respective fleets at Santiago, showing that 36 per cent of the hits suffered by the enemy were scored by the Brooklyn's 5-inch guns, while his ship received 70 per cent of the hits from the Spanish ships. Captain Lemley's cross-examination was very searching. Admiral Schley, however, appeared to be unflinching throughout the examination, frankly admitting on several occasions that he could not remember little details after the lapse of three years. One line of inquiry which the judge advocate tried to press to show that Admiral Schley did not proceed "with dispatch" from Key West to Cienfuegos, by attempting to contrast the speed made between Charleston and Key West with the time between Key West and Cienfuegos, was curtailed by a decision of the court, which confined the questions to the time subsequent to May 19, the day on which the flying squadron left Key West. The judge advocate, in his cross-examination, dwelt upon the interview between Admiral Sampson and Commodore Schley at Key West before the departure of the flying squadron, at which the latter testified that Admiral Sampson instructed him not to expose his ships to shore batteries until the Spanish fleet had been destroyed, on the fact that Admiral Schley issued no written order of battle, on the question of coaling off Cienfuegos and the steps Schley took there to ascertain the presence of the Spanish fleet. He was cross-examining the witness on matters connected with the cruise of the squadron from Cienfuegos to Santiago when the court adjourned. The retrograde movement, the firing on the Colon and the battle of Santiago, which constitute the main parts of the precept, were not touched upon.

FOR MCKINLEY MONUMENT.

Nebraskans Form Auxiliary to National Memorial Association.

Omaha, Oct. 29.—A Nebraska auxiliary of the National McKinley Memorial association was organized yesterday at the Millard hotel. General Manderson was made president, John A. Creighton vice president and Edward Rosewater secretary and treasurer. J. Sterling Morton of Nebraska City, Lorenzo Crouse of Calhoun, L. D. Richards of Fremont, E. J. Hainer of North Platte, A. L. Clark of Hastings and Silas A. Holcomb of Broken Bow were made district vice presidents. The meeting was attended by a large number of prominent men from over the state.

Supposed Dead Woman Revives.

New Albany, Ind., Oct. 29.—While an undertaker was preparing to lift upon a cooling board the supposed dead body of Mrs. Julia Bullock of this city, Mrs. Bullock revived. She had been pronounced dead by a physician and had lain for several hours with no apparent signs of life. She is still alive.

YOUNG MEN TAKE UP SEARCH.

Six Bulgarians Start Out to Locate the Kidnaped Missionary.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Oct. 29.—Six young Bulgarians have banded themselves to search for Miss Stone, the American missionary, and her companion, Mme. Tsilka, and with the consent of the Bulgarian authorities have left Samakov for Mehomia with this object in view. The absence of news about Miss Stone has led to a revival of the report that she has already been killed and that the brigands have dispersed.

Constantinople, Oct. 29.—Those who have been in hourly expectation of favorable news regarding Miss Stone have again been disappointed. Nothing definite has yet been reached in the dealings with the missionary's abductors. A point much discussed among those here interested in the case is what shall be done if the brigands insist on being paid the \$10,000 which they at first demanded. Scarcely half that sum is available thus far and it is believed that should an agreement on reduced terms be impossible the offer of a less sum than \$10,000 will be withdrawn even at the cost of the life of Miss Stone.

Washington Officials More Sanguine.

Washington, Oct. 29.—The state department officials are more sanguine than they have been of late as to the successful outcome of the efforts now being put forth in behalf of Miss Stone. So far it is true, they have not succeeded in establishing communication with the kidnapers, but the reports they have received from Spencer Eddy at Constantinople and Mr. Dickinson at Sofia encourage the belief that they are about at a point where direct negotiations can be opened with the brigands.

SIX SOLDIERS INJURED.

Automatic Firing Gun Explodes at Fort Leavenworth.

Leavenworth, Kan., Oct. 29.—By an explosion of a Colt's automatic firing gun at Fort Leavenworth yesterday Captain Charles T. Menoher and five men of the Twenty-eighth battery of field artillery were wounded, three severely. The gun, a new one, was being tested and was allowed to become too hot, and when a shell came into the breach after firing, the shell exploded, tearing out the breech, fragments of which struck and injured the men. These are the injured: Private Snyder, leg, severe; Private Merritt, arm, severe; Private Rieder, arm, severe; Private Hayes, leg, slight; Private Jones, hand, slight; Captain Menoher, hand burned and wrist injured.

ENTOMBED MINER RESCUED.

Charles Nutting Taken Out Alive, but No Hope for Companion.

Salt Lake, Oct. 29.—After being entombed in the Highland Boy mine at Bingham, Utah, for 61 hours, Charles Nutting was taken out yesterday by the rescuing party that has been constantly at work since the cave-in occurred. He was alive, but very weak, when found. The space in which he was imprisoned was so small that he was unable to stand. One other man, William Anderson, is still in the mine and the rescuing party will continue its work until he is found. There is no hope, however, of finding him alive.

Austria Friendly With All.

Budapest, Oct. 29.—"A close understanding with the allies of the empire and continued friendly relations with all the powers leads us to hope that Providence will not deprive us of the blessings of peace." With the exception of remarks regarding commercial treaties the above constituted Emperor Francis Joseph's sole reference to international affairs when he personally opened the newly elected Hungarian diet yesterday.

MASS PLAY PROVES FATAL.

Center Rush of Ohio University Team Dies From Injuries.

Columbus, O., Oct. 29.—John Segrist, center rush of the Ohio State university football team, died yesterday from the effect of injuries received Saturday in the game with the Western Reserve. He was caught during a mass play and his body so twisted that his spine was injured. He was paralyzed from the shoulders down from the time of the accident.

Woman Brutally Murdered.

Chicago, Oct. 29.—A horrible murder, of which Mrs. Edie Louise Koelter was the victim, was discovered here yesterday. Policeman Edward Koelter, the woman's husband, and his brother, William Koelter, were arrested. Mrs. Koelter's throat was cut, her ribs broken and she was practically disemboweled, evidently, the police say, by kicks.

Mrs. Julia Dent Grant Ill.

Washington, Oct. 29.—Mrs. Julia Dent Grant, widow of General U. S. Grant, is ill at her home here. She has been confined to her bed since her return from Canada, about ten days ago. At present her illness is not regarded as critical. It began with a cold and the developments have been such as to alarm her friends.

Breaks Eastward Record.

New York, Oct. 29.—The North German-Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, which sailed from New York, Oct. 22, has again broken her eastward record, having arrived at Plymouth yesterday after a passage of 5 days, 10 hours from Sandy Hook lights.

Castro Elected President.

Washington, Oct. 29.—A cable dispatch announcing the election of President Castro of Venezuela, who has been provisional president for one year, has been received at the Venezuelan consulate in this city.

RACE WAR IN LOUISIANA

Three Whites and Eleven Blacks Slain.

NEGROES TAKE TO THE WOODS.

Governor Heard Recalls His Order to Troops—Five Hundred White Men Under Arms—Burning of Colored Asylum Causes Ill-Feeling.

New Orleans, Oct. 29.—The Pleasants Amite City special says: Three white men and 11 negroes killed in a race riot is the startling and terrible news received from Washington parish. The first news of the race riot was brought here by Cornelius Mixon, who, with his mother, left from near Franklinton yesterday. He stated that white men rode into Franklinton at 2 a. m., seeking help, saying that the negroes were up in arms and threatening to exterminate the whites.

The scene of the trouble is at or near Balltown, where a negro was burned last week for criminally assaulting a white woman. This was not the cause, however, of the murders yesterday, in which three white men and 11 negroes were killed and several wounded. Mr. Mixon saw and talked with many men from the scene and they said that more and worse trouble was expected, as armed men were flocking to the scene and it was reported that the blacks were equally active in preparing for a battle. At 3 a. m. a posse left Franklinton for the scene of battle, in charge of Sheriff Simmons, and from all over the country armed men were hurrying to the same place. Mr. Carter said that 500 men were probably under arms in Washington parish.

The trouble occurred at a negro campmeeting and the origin, as near as can be ascertained, was as follows: Creer Lott, a negro, was running a refreshment stand and a constable, a white man, went to him and asked for his license. He had none and became impudent, cursed the constable and defied him. The constable withdrew and obtained assistance. He returned with several white men, when the negro Lott rushed out and fired point blank into the crowd, killing Joe Seals and Charles Elliott. The whites returned the fire and killed Lott. The negro preacher, named Connelly, rushed out of a house with a gun in hand, attempting to shoot and was killed. His daughter was also killed, though it is said she was accidentally shot. In the shooting which followed, another white man was killed and E. H. Thompson wounded, and seven or eight negroes killed. The shooting had no direct connection with the burning at the stake of the negro Morris in that section last week, but it is undoubtedly a sequel to that tragic event. Since that time it is reported that the negroes have been holding nightly meetings, preparing to attack the whites.

Balltown is about 20 miles from Franklinton, in a sparsely settled section. It is almost entirely cut off from the outside world. Franklinton is 27 miles east of this place and there are no telegraph or telephone lines.

Troops Held in Readiness.

Baton Rouge, La., Oct. 29.—Governor Heard received a message yesterday from Deputy Sheriff Simons of Washington parish saying that a terrible conflict was in progress between whites and blacks in that parish, 39 being already dead, and requesting the governor to send troops at once. Governor Heard wired Governor Longino of Mississippi for permission for armed troops to pass through the state of Mississippi and Governor Longino answered promptly, granting the request. In the meantime a telegram was sent to General John Glinn at New Orleans notifying him of the conflict and directing him to order out one company of 50 men for service and send them to Poplarville, Miss., this being the nearest railroad station to Balltown, La. However, upon receipt of advices from Deputy Sheriff Branton of Marion county, Mississippi, that all was quiet and troops were not needed, Governor Heard felt somewhat assured that the riot at Balltown was quelled and advised General Glinn to hold his troops in readiness to be moved if further developments should prove necessary.

Negroes Take to the Woods.

New Orleans, Oct. 29.—A dispatch from Columbia, Miss., says six negroes were shot to death at Live Oaks church, about three miles from Balltown, that one white man was killed and another fatally wounded and that two negro women and a child were burned almost to cinders in Lott's barn, which had been fired by the whites to dislodge Lott and others who were firing from behind the counters. The negroes have taken to the woods and no further trouble is apprehended at present.

Farmer and Daughter Shot by Lawyer.

Memphis, Oct. 29.—A dispatch from Meridian, Miss., reports the shooting of A. A. Crenshaw, a Newton county farmer, and his 18-year-old daughter by a lawyer named Roye, who had called to serve a writ of attachment. The farmer and his daughter opened fire on the lawyer and he returned the fire. Crenshaw is thought to be fatally hurt and the girl will recover. Roye escaped injury.

Killed While Hunting.

Blair, Neb., Oct. 29.—Milton McCoy, a young man about 21 years of age, was instantly killed yesterday while out hunting.

If a Woman

wants to put out a fire she doesn't heap on oil and wood. She throws on water, knowing that water quenches fire. When a woman wants to get well from diseases peculiar to her sex, she should not add fuel to the fire already burning her life away. She should not take worthless drugs and potions composed of harmful narcotics and opiates. They do not check the disease—they do not cure it—they simply add fuel to the fire.

Bradfield's Female Regulator should be taken by every woman or girl who has the slightest suspicion of any of the ailments which afflict women. They will simply be wasting time until they take it. The Regulator is a purifying, strengthening tonic, which gets at the roots of the disease and cures it.

It does not drug the system, it eradicates it. It stops falling of the womb, leucorrhoea, inflammation and periodical suffering, irregular, scanty or painful menstruation, and by doing all this drives away the hundred and one aches and pains which drain health and beauty, happiness and good temper from many a woman's life. It is the one remedy above all others which every woman should know about and use.

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At all drug stores. 25 Doses 25c.



"Why Should Calamity Be Full of Words?"

The mere saying of words is easy, and some men devote their whole lives to it. They talk rather than act. The calamity howlers in any community are of this kind.

While the unsuccessful business man is talking the successful man is acting. When he speaks he uses words, but he tells facts. He seldom, however, depends upon his own voice.

He brings to his aid the trumpet tongued voice of the press.

He purchases space in the advertising columns of his local paper, and he uses it to good advantage.

This is your local paper. There is space in these columns for use. Are you adding its strength to your voice? Properly used it will aid you.

"SALZER'S SEEDS WILL MAKE YOU RICH"

This is a daring statement, but Salzer's seeds bear it out every time.

Combination Corn—positively revolutionize corn growing.

Billion Dollar Grass—grows and bears seeds, most prolific of all crops of hay per acre. First crop is made at once.

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FOR 10c. STAMPS and the NOTICE we will mail you free, together our great illustrated Seed Catalog, telling all about Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass. Also Choice Onion Seed, 50c. a lb. Together with thousands of earliest vegetable and farm seeds, most recent of the kind and this notice. When you see giant Salzer's Seeds, ask for them.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis.

For 14 Cents

We mail the following rare seed novelties:

- 1 lb. Blue Blood Tomato Seed, 10c.
- 1 lb. Northern Jersey Seed, 10c.
- 1 lb. Mama's Favorite Onion Seed, 10c.
- 1 lb. Emerald Green Cucumber Seed, 10c.
- 1 lb. City Garden Beet Seed, 10c.
- 1 lb. 18 Day Radish Seed, 10c.
- 1 lb. La X. Market Lettuce Seed, 10c.
- 1 lb. Brilliant Flower Seed, 10c.

For 14 Cents. Above 10 packages rare seed novelties we will mail you free. Together our great illustrated Seed Catalog, telling all about Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass. Also Choice Onion Seed, 50c. a lb. Together with thousands of earliest vegetable and farm seeds, most recent of the kind and this notice. When you see giant Salzer's Seeds, ask for them.

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